

Statutory Financial Statements

December 31, 2016 and 2015

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



KPMG LLP 6th Floor, Suite A 100 Westminster Street Providence, RI 02903-2321

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors

Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company, which comprise the statutory statements of admitted assets, liabilities, and capital and surplus as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statutory statements of operations, capital and surplus, and cash flow for the years then ended, and the related notes to the statutory financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation Insurance Division. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in note 2 to the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company using statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation Insurance Division, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the financial statements are not intended to be presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the statutory accounting practices described in note 2 and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.



Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the variances between statutory accounting practices and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial position of Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, or the results of its operations or its cash flows for the years then ended.

Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the admitted assets, liabilities, and surplus of Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the years then ended, in accordance with statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation Insurance Division described in note 2.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1 to the statutory financial statements, in 2015, Amica Mutual Insurance Company elected to merge its two wholly owned property and casualty insurance subsidiaries, Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company and Amica Texas Insurance Company, formerly Amica Lloyd's of Texas, with Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company continuing as the surviving entity of the merger. As a result of the merger on December 31, 2015, Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company assumed all remaining assets and liabilities of Amica Texas Insurance Company as of December 31, 2015, as well as its surplus. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matter

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information included on Schedule 1 – summary investment schedule, Schedule 2 – supplemental investment risk interrogatories, and Schedule 3 – general interrogatories, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements but is supplementary information required by the State of Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation Insurance Division. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



Providence, Rhode Island May 8, 2017

(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Amica Mutual Insurance Company)

Statutory Statements of Admitted Assets, Liabilities and Capital and Surplus (in thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Assets:		
Bonds and debt securities	\$ 64,000	\$ 20,398
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	6,809	50,192
Total cash and invested assets	70,809	70,590
Premiums receivable	7,626	7,785
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses and loss adjustment expenses	2,178	2,404
Investment income due and accrued	477	211
Deferred tax asset	332	447
Other assets admitted	533	563
Total assets	<u>\$ 81,955</u>	\$ 82,000
Liabilities and capital and surplus:		
Accrued other expenses	\$ 855	\$ 975
Federal income taxes payable	38	40
Ceded reinsurance premiums payable	1,094	1,941
Payable to parent	859	886
Other liabilities	32	23
Total liabilities	2,878	3,865
Common stock - \$350 par value per share. Authorized and issued		
10,000 shares.	3,500	3,500
Additional paid-in-capital	48,120	48,120
Surplus	27,457	26,515
Total capital and surplus	79,077	78,135
Total liabilities and capital and surplus	\$ 81,955	\$ 82,000

(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Amica Mutual Insurance Company)

Statutory Statements of Operations (in thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Underwriting income:		
Premiums earned	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ (3)
Underwriting expenses:		
Losses incurred	0	(745)
Loss expenses incurred	0	(280)
Other underwriting expenses, net	(265)	1,425
Total underwriting expenses	(265)	400
Net underwriting income (loss)	265	(403)
Investment and other income:		
Net investment income	1,292	1,807
Net realized capital gains, net of Federal income taxes of \$10 and \$648 in		
2016 and 2015, respectively	19	1,202
Other expense, net	(386)	(269)
Total investment and other income	925	2,740
Income before Federal income taxes, net	1,190	2,337
Federal income taxes incurred, net	382	641
Net income	\$ 808	\$ 1,696

(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Amica Mutual Insurance Company)

Statutory Statements of Capital and Surplus (in thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Capital and surplus at January 1	\$ 78,135	\$ 98,756
Net income	808	1,696
Net change in unrealized capital gains	0	(162)
Change in net deferred income tax	(115)	420
Change in non-admitted assets	249	425
Dividends to stockholder	0	(23,000)
Change in capital and surplus	942	(20,621)
Capital and surplus at December 31	\$ 79,077	\$ 78,135

(A Wholly-owned Subsidiary of Amica Mutual Insurance Company)

Statutory Statements of Cash Flow (in thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Cash from operations:		
Premiums collected, net of reinsurance	\$ (638)	\$ 569
Loss and loss adjustment expenses paid	226	793
Underwriting expenses paid, net of commissions received	145_	(698)
Cash (to) from underwriting	(267)	664
Net investment income	1,180	2,420
Other loss, net	(355)	(254)
Federal income taxes paid	(394)	(1,206)
Net cash from operations	164	1,624
Cash (to) from investments:		
Proceeds from bonds and debt securities sold	701	37,529
Proceeds from bonds and debt securities matured or repaid	5,950	7,350
Cost of bonds and debt securities acquired	(50,378)	(2,611)
Net cash (to) from investments	(43,727)	42,268
Cash from (to) financing and miscellaneous sources:		
Dividends to stockholder	0	(23,000)
Net transfers to affiliates	(27)	(2,026)
Other cash provided	207	441
Net cash from (to) financing and miscellaneous sources	180	(24,585)
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments:		
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	(43,383)	19,307
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments - beginning of year	50,192	30,885
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments - end of year	\$ 6,809	\$ 50,192

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Note 1 - Nature of Operations

Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company, hereinafter referred to as "Amica P&C" or "the Company", is a Rhode Island domiciled property and casualty insurer, which is solely owned and managed by Amica Mutual Insurance Company (Amica Mutual). The initial capitalization of Amica P&C occurred on June 16, 2005, with the purchase of 10,000 shares of common stock totaling \$3,500 and additional paid in capital totaling \$30,100, for a total initial investment of \$33,600.

Amica P&C has an instrumental role in the Amica holding company group as one of the group's two property and casualty insurers, Amica Mutual being the other, and is primarily used to supplement Amica Mutual's personal automobile writings. Previous to 2014, Amica P&C was the sole writer of personal automobile coverages in New Jersey for the Amica holding company group. However, effective January 1, 2014, a dual-company underwriting approach was undertaken, under which personal automobile policies underwritten by Amica are split between Amica Mutual and Amica P&C based on set underwriting criteria, which places preferred business with Amica Mutual and non-preferred business with Amica P&C. This resulted in a decrease in Amica P&C's direct automobile premium writings from \$51,582 for the year ended December 31, 2013 to \$18,913 for the year ended December 31, 2014, a decrease of nearly 65%, and changed the Company's role in the group significantly. Although Amica P&C currently writes only in New Jersey and New York, the Company is also licensed to write business in Rhode Island and Texas, and management intends to expand Amica P&C operations to additional states in future years under the dual-company underwriting model.

In 2015, Amica Mutual elected to merge its two wholly-owned property and casualty insurance subsidiaries, Amica P&C and Amica Texas Insurance Company, formerly Amica Lloyd's of Texas. To facilitate the merger, Amica Lloyd's of Texas was converted to a stock company, Amica Texas Insurance Company, on December 22, 2015. On December 31, 2015, Amica P&C merged with Amica Texas Insurance Company, with Amica P&C continuing as the surviving entity of the merger. As a result of the merger, the Company assumed all remaining assets and liabilities of Amica Texas Insurance Company as of December 31, 2015, as well as its surplus of \$75,030. On December 31, 2015, Amica P&C paid a dividend to Amica Mutual in the amount of \$23,000. The dividend was deemed an extraordinary dividend because it exceeded more than 10% of the prior year end surplus. Required approval was obtained from the State of Rhode Island on December 30, 2015.

As of December 31, 2015, the remaining loss and loss adjustment expense reserves from Amica Texas Insurance Company were ceded to Amica Mutual per the Company's 100% quota share reinsurance contract, through which Amica P&C cedes 100% of all its premiums, losses, and loss adjustment expenses to Amica Mutual in exchange for a 20% ceding commission. A commission was paid from the Company to Amica Mutual Insurance Company in the amount of \$704 which represents the total of Amica Texas Insurance Company's liabilities for losses and loss adjusting expenses as of December 31, 2015 prior to the merger.

There are no employees of Amica P&C. Amica Mutual employees perform certain managerial and other operational functions for the benefit of Amica P&C. In accordance with a formal cost-sharing agreement, Amica Mutual allocates such costs to Amica P&C based on the estimated costs of the services performed.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying statutory financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the accounting practices of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual* and the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation Insurance Division, which varies in some respects from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company has no state basis adjustments.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

The statutory treatment of the more significant variances between GAAP and statutory accounting practices are:

- 1. Bonds and debt securities are generally carried at amortized cost, regardless of the level of portfolio activity.
- 2. All adjustments to deferred taxes are recorded through an adjustment to surplus and all deferred tax assets are subject to an admissibility test.
- 3. Salvage and subrogation recoverable generally is not recognized.
- 4. Premium income is taken into earnings on a pro-rata basis over the periods covered by the policies, whereas related acquisition costs are charged to income when incurred.
- Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses and reserves for unearned premiums are presented net of reinsurance ceded.
- 6. Certain assets designated as "non-admitted" are charged off against surplus.
- The statutory financial statements do not include a statement of comprehensive income as required under GAAP.
- 8. The statutory statements of cash flow do not classify cash flows consistent with GAAP and a reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities is not provided.

The effects of these differences on the accompanying statutory financial statements have not been determined.

B. Use of Estimates in the Preparation of the Statutory Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with accounting practices of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual* and the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation Insurance Division, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. It also requires estimates in the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

1. Reserve for Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses:

Estimates and assumptions relating to reserves for loss and loss adjustment expenses are based on complex and subjective judgments, often including the interplay of specific uncertainties with related accounting and actuarial measurements. Such estimates are also susceptible to change as significant periods of time may elapse between the occurrence of an incurred loss, the report of the loss to the insurer, the ultimate determination of the cost of the loss and the insurer's payment of that loss. Reserve amounts are necessarily based on management's informed estimates and judgments using currently available data. As additional experience and other data becomes available and are reviewed, these estimates and judgments may be revised. This may result in reserve increases or decreases that would be reflected in the results in periods in which such estimates or assumptions are changed.

2. Other-Than-Temporary Declines in the Value of Investments:

The cost of securities is adjusted where appropriate to include a provision for decline in value which is considered to be other-than-temporary. An other-than-temporary decline is considered to occur in any investment except loan-backed and structured securities where there has been a sustained reduction in market value and where the Company does not expect the fair value to recover prior to the time of sale or maturity. For loan-backed and structured securities that have a fair value less than amortized cost and the

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Company has either (1) the intent to sell or (2) does not have the intent and ability to hold the security until recovery of its carrying value, the Company must impair the security to fair value and record an other-than-temporary impairment as a net realized capital loss. For loan-backed and structured securities where the Company does not expect to recover the amortized cost, but has the intent and ability to hold the security to recovery, the Company recognizes an other-than-temporary impairment for the credit related decline in value. Management regularly reviews securities that have a fair value less than cost to determine whether an other-than-temporary impairment has occurred. If a decline in value is considered other-than-temporary, the Company reports a realized loss on its statement of income. Because of changing economic and market conditions affecting issuers of debt and equity securities and the performance of the underlying collateral affecting certain classes of assets, it is reasonably possible that the Company will recognize other-than-temporary impairments in the future.

C. Investment Policy

- 1. Cash equivalents and short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.
- 2. Bonds not backed by other loans, loan-backed bonds and structured securities are stated at amortized cost using the scientific method.
- Loan-backed bonds and structured securities are valued at amortized cost using the retrospective method (or method which approximates the retrospective method). Prepayment assumptions for single-class and multi-class mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities were obtained from broker dealer survey values, nationally recognized data services or internal estimates.
- 4. Realized gains and losses are determined on a specific identification basis, are credited or charged to income, and are presented in the statements of operations net of Federal income tax. Unrealized capital gains and losses resulting from the valuation of investments at fair value are credited or charged directly to surplus. A decline in the market value of any investment security, excluding loan-backed and structured securities, below cost that is deemed to be other-than-temporary results in a reduction in the carrying amount to fair value. A decline in market value of loan-backed and structured securities below cost that is deemed to be other-than-temporary results in a reduction in the carrying amount in accordance with SSAP 43R, "Loan-backed and Structured Securities". Fair value is generally the market value at the balance sheet date. The impairment is charged to earnings and a new cost basis for the security is established. Factors considered in evaluating whether a decline in value is other-than-temporary are:
 - a. Whether the decline is substantial;
 - b. The Company's ability and intent to retain the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for anticipated recovery in value;
 - c. The duration and extent to which market value has been less than cost;
 - d. The financial condition and near term prospects of the issuer;
 - e. The NAIC designation; and
 - f. The estimated present value of cash flows expected to be collected is less than the amortized cost basis of the security.

Premiums and discounts are amortized or accreted over the life of the investment security as an adjustment to yield using the effective interest method. Dividend and interest income are recognized when earned.

5. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

D. Revenue Recognition Policy

Premiums are earned over the terms of the related policies and reinsurance contracts. Unearned premiums are established to cover the unexpired portion of premiums written. Such reserves are computed by pro-rata methods for direct business.

E. Acquisition Expenditure Policy

Expenses in connection with acquiring new insurance business are charged to operations as incurred. Expenses incurred are reduced for ceding allowances received or receivable.

F. Commissions Policy

When the commission received under a reinsurance agreement exceeds the anticipated acquisition cost of the business ceded, the Company establishes a liability equal to the difference between the anticipated acquisition cost and the reinsurance commission received. The excess is recorded as income over the life of the reinsurance contract.

G. Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses Policy

Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses include an amount determined from individual case estimates and loss reports and an amount, based on past experience, for losses incurred but not reported. Such liabilities are necessarily based on assumptions and estimates and while management believes the amount is adequate, the ultimate liability may be different than the amount provided. The methods for making such estimates and for establishing the resulting liabilities are continually reviewed and any adjustments are reflected in the period determined.

H. Federal Income Taxes Policy

The method of allocating Federal income taxes between Amica Mutual and its subsidiaries is contained in a written agreement approved by the Board of Directors. Allocation is made in accordance with Section 1552 (a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code based upon separate return calculations with current credit for net losses. Intercompany estimated tax balances are settled at least quarterly during the tax year with a final settlement during the month following the filing of the consolidated income tax return.

The Company reports a deferred tax asset or liability for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences generated by the differences between statutory accounting and the Federal income tax basis of accounting. Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized as a separate component of gains and losses in surplus to policyholders. Deferred tax assets are subject to certain admissibility requirements.

I. Premium Deficiency Calculations Policy

The Company does not anticipate investment income as a factor in premium deficiency calculations.

J. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions are used by the Company in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Short-Term Investments

The carrying value reported in the statements of assets, liabilities, and capital and surplus for these instruments approximates fair value.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

2. Invested Assets

The fair value of long-term bonds and debt securities and unaffiliated equity securities is based on market prices. In absence of publishers' market values, the fair value is based on market yields of securities from an identical issuer with similar maturities.

K. New Accounting Standards

- 1. In April and August 2016, the NAIC adopted modifications to SSAP No.1, "Disclosures of Accounting Policies, Risks & Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures" to clarify disclosure requirements for permitted practices and restricted assets. The modifications clarify that the presentation for permitted and prescribed practices should include practices that result in different statutory reporting, including gross or net presentation or different financial statement reporting captions. The modifications also clarified that disclosure of restricted assets should be included in the annual financial statements and interim financial statements if significant changes have occurred since the annual statement. This guidance was effective on issuance and did not have an impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.
- 2. In June 2016, the NAIC adopted modifications to SSAP No.1, "Disclosures of Accounting Policies, Risks & Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures" requiring disclosure of current and prior period information relating to 5* securities (NAIC designation). This guidance was effective on issuance. The Company does not have any investments in 5* securities, which is disclosed in Note 5E.
- 3. In June 2016, the NAIC adopted modifications to SSAP No.1, "Disclosures of Accounting Policies, Risks & Uncertainties, and Other Disclosures" adding disclosure of the aggregate total collateral reported as assets on the balance sheet and the corresponding liability for the return of the collateral. This guidance was effective on issuance. The Company does not have any collateral reflected in the financial statements and therefore this modification did not have an impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.
- 4. In June 2016, the NAIC adopted changes to SSAP No. 2, "Cash, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments", SSAP No. 26, "Bonds, Excluding Loan-backed and Structured Securities" and SSAP No. 30, "Unaffiliated Common Stock" which was effective September 30, 2016. The modifications removed the Class 1 Money Market Mutual Fund List from the Practices and Procedures Manual, and clarified that money market mutual funds should be accounted for and reported as short-term investments. This modification did not have an impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.
- 5. In June 2016, the NAIC adopted modifications to SSAP No. 103R, "Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishment of Liabilities" to add disclosures related to short sale transactions and repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements. The modifications related to short sale transactions are effective January 1, 2017, and the modifications related to repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements are effective December 31, 2017. These modifications are not expected to have a material impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.
- 6. In June 2016, the NAIC adopted modifications to SSAP No. 26, "Bonds, Excluding Loan-backed and Structured Securities" and SSAP No. 43R, "Loan-backed and Structured Securities" to clarify the presentation and disclosure of investment income and realized gains and losses related to prepayment penalties. This requirement is effective January 1, 2017 with early adoption permitted. This modification is not expected to have a material impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.
- 7. In August 2016, the NAIC adopted modifications to SSAP No. 55 "Unpaid Claims, Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses" to clarify that the reporting of salvage and subrogation expenses should be netted with any associated recoveries to be consistent with annual statement instructions. This guidance was effective on issuance. This modification did not have an impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.

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8. In December 2016, the NAIC adopted revisions to SSAP No. 2, "Cash, Drafts, and Short-Term Investments" requiring (a) the reclassification of money market mutual funds from short-term investments to cash equivalents and (b) using fair value or net asset value (NAV) as valuation for these investments. This modification is effective December 31, 2017 and is not expected to have a material impact on the results of operations or the financial condition of the Company.

L. Going Concern

Management's review of relevant conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, indicate that it is probable that the Company will be able to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Note 3 - Accounting Changes and Correction of Errors

There have been no accounting changes or correction of errors in 2016 or 2015.

Note 4 - Business Combinations

On December 31, 2015, the Company merged with its insurance affiliate, Amica Texas Insurance Company (formerly known as Amica Lloyd's of Texas), with the Company continuing as the surviving entity of the merger. See Note 9 for additional information. The transaction was accounted for as a statutory merger. The Company did not provide consideration in exchange for the common stock of Amica Texas Insurance Company. No adjustments were made directly to the surplus of Amica Texas Insurance Company as a result of the merger.

The following table represents pre-merger activity for the Company and Amica Texas Insurance Company:

	Amica Property & Casualty Insurance Company	Amica Texas Insurance Company
	12/31/15	12/31/15
Revenue ¹	\$165	\$2,573
Net Income	(\$617)	\$2,314
Other surplus adjustments ²	\$836	(\$154)

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Includes net premiums earned, net investment income and other income.

Note 5 - Investments

A. Bonds and Debt Securities

 Bonds on deposit, as required by the Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation and the Texas Department of Insurance, totaled \$1,067 and \$4,146 at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

² Includes all other adjustments to surplus other than net income.

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2. The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of bonds and debt securities are as follows:

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
2016				
U.S. Government and Federal Agency securities	\$19,124	\$598	\$394	\$19,328
State and municipal bonds	11,720	66	536	11,250
Political subdivisions	2,171	47	17	2,201
Special revenue and special assessment obligations	10,596	4	234	10,366
Industrial and miscellaneous	20,389	99	514	19,974
Total	\$64,000	\$814	\$1,695	\$63,119
2015				
U.S. Government and Federal Agency securities	\$11,948	\$751	\$38	\$12,661
State and municipal bonds	1,967	63	7	2,023
Political subdivisions	625	55	0	680
Special revenue and special assessment obligations	2,033	7	25	2,015
Industrial and miscellaneous	3,825	52	42	3,835
Total	\$20,398	\$928	\$112	\$21,214

3. The amortized cost and fair value of bonds and debt securities at December 31, 2016, by contractual maturities, are shown as follows:

	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$410	\$416
Due after one year through five years	5,282	5,308
Due after five years through ten years	17,475	17,396
Due after ten years	40,833	39,999
Total	\$64,000	\$63,119

4. Proceeds from the sale of bonds and debt securities during 2016 and 2015 were \$701 and \$37,529, respectively. During 2016 and 2015, gross gains of \$22 and \$2,082, respectively, were realized on these sales. Gross losses of \$0 and \$233 were incurred on these sales in 2016 and 2015.

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B. Net Investment Income

Net investment income for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	2016	2015
Bonds and debt securities	\$1,144	\$1,669
Cash equivalents and short-term investments	242	233
Miscellaneous	0	3
Total investment income	1,386	1,905
Less: Investment expenses	94	98
Net investment income	\$1,292	\$1,807

C. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

	2016		2015	
	Carrying Fair		Carrying F	Fair
	Value	Value	Value	Value
Assets:			-	
Bonds and debt securities	\$64,000	\$63,119	\$20,398	\$21,214
Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments	6,809	6,809	50,192	50,192
Total assets	\$70,809	\$69,928	\$70,590	\$71,406

The use of different assumptions or valuation methodologies may have a material impact on the estimated fair value amounts.

The Company's valuation techniques are based upon observable and unobservable pricing inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources based on trades of securities, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. These inputs comprise the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Observable inputs in the form of quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, a Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs would include, for example, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – One or more unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using internal models, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

The Company had no financial instruments carried at fair value as of December 31, 2016.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

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The following tables provide information about the carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial instruments:

	Fair	Carrying			
2016	Value	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Bonds:					
U.S. governments	\$19,328	\$19,124	\$3,482	\$15,846	\$0
Municipal bonds	23,790	24,463	0	23,790	0
U.S. special revenue and assessments	27	24	0	27	0
Industrial and miscellaneous	19,974	20,389	0	19,974	0
Total bonds	63,119	64,000	3,482	59,637	0
Short-term investments:					
Exempt money market mutual funds	2,413	2,413	0	2,413	0
Commercial paper	3,995	3,995	0	3,995	0
Total short-term investments	6,408	6,408	0	6,408	0
Total assets	\$69,527	\$70,408	\$3,482	\$66,045	\$0

	Fair	Fair Carrying			
2015	Value	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Bonds:					
U.S. governments	\$12,661	\$11,948	\$5,691	\$6,970	\$0
Municipal bonds	4,683	4,594	0	4,683	0
U.S. special revenue and assessments	35	32	0	35	0
Industrial and miscellaneous	3,835	3,824	0	3,835	0
Total bonds	21,214	20,398	5,691	15,523	0
Short-term investments:					
Exempt money market mutual funds	594	594	0	594	0
Commercial paper	49,211	49,211	0	49,211	0
Total short-term investments	49,805	49,805	0	49,805	0
Total assets	\$71,019	\$70,203	\$5,691	\$65,328	\$0
		_			

There were no financial instruments where it was not practical to estimate fair value in 2016 and 2015.

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 in the current year. The Company recognizes transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

D. Unrealized Losses

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities and the fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at December 31, 2016 and 2015, are as follows:

	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair
	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value
2016						
U.S. Government and Federal agency	\$379	\$12,285	\$14	\$343	\$393	\$12,628
State and municipal bonds	536	9,463	0	0	536	9,463
Political subdivisions	17	1,243	0	0	17	1,243
Special revenue & special assessment	227	9,795	7	414	234	10,209
Industrial and miscellaneous	514	16,288	1	14	515	16,302
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$1,673	\$49,074	\$22	\$771	\$1,695	\$49,845
2015						
U.S. Government and Federal agency	\$17	\$3,464	\$21	\$729	\$38	\$4,193
State and municipal bonds	7	620	0	0	7	620
Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0	0
Special revenue & special assessment	15	989	10	697	25	1,686
Industrial and miscellaneous	39	1,584	3	47	42	1,631
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$78	\$6,657	\$34	\$1,473	\$112	\$8,130

The unrealized losses of \$1,695 on investments in fixed income securities as of December 31, 2016 are primarily attributable to increased interest rates and modestly wider spread levels. All of these securities with unrealized losses are rated NAIC Class 1 or 2 and full repayment of principal and interest is expected. The contractual terms of these investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than par, which will equal amortized cost at maturity. Because the Company has the ability and intent to hold these investments until a market price recovery, these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired.

As of December 31, 2016, investments in structured and loan-backed securities for which an other-than-temporary impairment had not been recognized in earnings and which were in an unrealized loss position had a fair value of \$22,595. Structured and loan-backed securities in an unrealized loss position for less than 12 months had a fair value of \$21,839 and unrealized losses of \$498. Structured and loan-backed securities in an unrealized loss position of 12 months or more had a fair value of \$756 and unrealized losses of \$22. The Company's investments in loan-backed and structured securities are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired as the Company asserts that it has the intent and ability to hold these securities long enough to allow the cost basis of these securities to be recovered. These conclusions are supported by an analysis of the underlying credit of each security. Unrealized losses are primarily attributable to increased interest rates and modestly wider spread levels. It is possible that the Company could recognize other-than-temporary impairments in the future on some of the securities, if future events, information and passage of time cause it to conclude that declines in fair value are other-than temporary.

E. 5* Securities

There were no investments in 5* securities as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Note 6 - Reserves for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Activity in the reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses is summarized as follows:

	2016	2015
Balance at January 1	\$47,273	\$64,169
Less reinsurance recoverables	47,273	62,419
Net balance at January 1	0	1,750
Incurred related to:		
Current year	0	0
Prior years	0	(1,025)
Total incurred	0	(1,025)
Paid related to:		
Current year	0	0
Prior years	0	725
Total paid	0	725
Net balance at December 31	0	0
Plus reinsurance recoverables	37,707	47,273
Balance at December 31	\$37,707	\$47,273

As the Company's reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses were ceded at 100% to Amica Mutual, there were no net balances related to current year. The 2015 total incurred and paid amounts were the result of activity pertaining to pre-merger Texas homeowner and related lines claims.

Reinsurance recoverables at December 31, 2016 were \$37,707, a decrease of \$9,566 from December 31, 2015. These recoverables result from the Company's quota share reinsurance agreement with Amica Mutual. Prior to the December 31, 2015 merger, the Texas homeowner and related lines were covered under Amica Texas Insurance Company's quota share reinsurance agreement, catastrophe reinsurance agreement, and excess of loss reinsurance agreement with Amica Mutual. The decline in the reinsurance recoverables is due to the dual-company underwriting approach discussed in Note 1.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Note 7 - Income Taxes

A. The components of Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities are as follows:

	Ordinary	Capital	Total
2016			
Gross deferred tax assets	\$339	\$0	\$339
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets	339	0	339
Deferred tax assets nonadmitted	0	0	0
Subtotal net admitted deferred tax asset	339	0	339
Deferred tax liabilities	7	0	7
Net admitted deferred tax asset (liability)	\$332	\$0	\$332
2015			
Gross deferred tax assets	\$451	\$0	\$451
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets	451	0	451
Deferred tax assets nonadmitted	0	0	0
Subtotal net admitted deferred tax asset	451	0	451
Deferred tax liabilities	4	0	4
Net admitted deferred tax asset (liability)	\$447	\$0	\$447
Change			
Gross deferred tax assets	(\$112)	\$0	(\$112)
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets	(112)	0	(112)
Deferred tax assets nonadmitted	0	0	0
Subtotal net admitted deferred tax asset	(112)	0	(112)
Deferred tax liabilities	3	0	3
Net admitted deferred tax asset (liability)	(\$115)	\$0	(\$115)

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Admission calculation components:

	Ordinary	Capital	Total
2016			
Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks	\$339	\$0	\$339
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized within 3 years			
(The lesser of 1 or 2 below)	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following			
the balance sheet date	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allow ed per limitation threshold	XXX	XXX	11,812
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets offset by gross deferred tax liabilities	0	0	0
Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101	\$339	\$0	\$339
2015			
Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks	\$451	\$0	\$451
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized within 3 years			
(The lesser of 1 and 2 below)	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following			
the balance sheet date.	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allow ed per limitation threshold	XXX	XXX	11,720
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets offset by gross deferred tax liabilities	0	0	0
Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101	\$451	\$0	\$451
Change			
Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks	(\$112)	\$0	(\$112)
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized withing 3 years			
(The lesser of 1 and 2 below)	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following			
the balance sheet date.	0	0	0
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allow ed per limitation threshold	XXX	XXX	92
Adjusted gross deferred tax assets offset by gross deferred tax liabilities	0	0	0
Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101	(\$112)	\$0	(\$112)

Ratios used for threshold limitation:

	 2016	2015
Ratio percentage used to determine recovery period and		
threshold limitations amount	39261%	10816%
Amount of adjusted capital and surplus used to determine recovery		
period and threshold limitation above	\$ 78,745	\$ 78,135

There were no tax planning strategies, including the use of reinsurance, in place at December 31, 2016 that impacted the determination of ordinary and capital adjusted gross deferred tax assets.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

- B. There were no temporary differences for which a deferred tax liability was not recognized.
- C. The provisions for incurred taxes on earnings for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2016	2015	Change
Federal	\$382	\$641	(\$259)
Foreign	0	0	0
Subtotal	382	641	(259)
Federal income tax on net capital gains	10	648	(638)
Utilization of capital loss carry-forwards	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0
Federal and foreign income taxes incurred	\$392	\$1,289	(\$897)
•			-

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

D. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

Deferred Tax Assets:	2016	2015	Change
Ordinary:			
Discounting of unpaid losses	\$0	\$0	\$0
Unearned premium reserve	2	1	1
Receivables - nonadmitted	23	38	(15)
Deferred ceded commissions	300	325	(25)
Prepaid expenses	14	87	(73)
Subtotal	339	451	(112)
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment	0	0	0
Nonadmitted	0	0	0
Admitted ordinary deferred tax assets	339	451	(112)
Capital:			
Investments	0	0	0
Net capital loss carry-forward	0	0	0
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment	0	0	0
Nonadmitted	0	0	0
Admitted capital deferred tax assets	0	0	0
Admitted deferred tax assets	\$339	\$451	(\$112)
Deferred Tax Liabilities:			
Ordinary:			
Investments	\$7	\$4	\$3
Fixed assets	0	0	0
Capital:			
Investments	0	0	0
Real estate	0	0	0
Deferred tax liabilities	\$7	\$4	\$3
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$332	\$447	(\$115)

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

The change in deferred income taxes reported in surplus before consideration of non-admitted assets is comprised of the following components:

_	2016	2015	Change
Total deferred tax assets	\$339	\$451	(\$112)
Total deferred tax liabilities	7	4	3
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	332	447	(115)
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment	0	0	0
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) after valuation allow ance	332	447	(115)
Tax effect of unrealized gains (losses)	0	0	0
Statutory valuation allow ance adjustment allocation to unrealized	0	0	0
Change in net deferred tax	\$332	\$447	(\$115)

E. The significant items causing a difference between the provision for Federal income taxes and the statutory rate are as follows:

	20	16	20 ⁻	15
		Effective		Effective
	Amount	Tax Rate	Amount	Tax Rate
Income before taxes	\$420	35.0%	\$1,045	35.0%
Change in statutory valuation adjustment	0	0.0%	(275)	-9.2%
Change in non-admitted assets	87	7.3%	149	5.0%
Other	0	0.0%	(50)	-1.7%
Total	\$507	42.3%	\$869	29.1%
Federal income taxes incurred	\$382	31.9%	\$641	21.5%
Tax on capital gains (losses)	10	0.8%	648	21.7%
Change in net deferred taxes	115	9.6%	(420)	-14.1%
Total statutory income taxes	\$507	42.3%	\$869	29.1%

- F. Operating Loss and Tax Credit Carryforwards
 - 1. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company did not have any unused operating loss carryforwards available to offset against future taxable income as the Company's Federal income tax return is consolidated and filed by Amica Mutual Insurance Company.
 - 2. The amounts of Federal income taxes incurred and available for recoupment in the event of future net losses are:

Year	Total
2016	\$392
2015	\$1,289

The Company did not have any protective tax deposits under Section 6603 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

- G. The Company's Federal income tax return is consolidated with the following entities:
 - 1. Amica Mutual Insurance Company
 - 2. Amica General Agency, LLC

Note 8 - Reinsurance

A. The Company maintains a 100% quota share reinsurance agreement covering all premiums, losses and loss adjustment expenses with Amica Mutual. In return, the Company receives a 20% ceding commission on premiums ceded under this treaty, and it records the commission income as an offset to other underwriting expenses. During 2016 and 2015, the Company earned commissions on this quota share treaty totaling \$3,983 and \$2,859, respectively.

Prior to the merger of the Company, Amica Texas Insurance Company maintained the following reinsurance contracts with their ultimate parent, Amica Mutual Insurance Company: (1) Excess of Loss Treaty, (2) Catastrophe Treaty, and (3) Quota Share Treaty. The excess of loss treaty provides coverage of \$3.5 million in excess of \$1 million for individual losses. The catastrophe treaty provides coverage of \$13 million in excess of \$2 million.

Upon the merger of the Company and Amica Texas Insurance Company on December 31, 2015, all remaining Amica Texas Insurance Company's loss and loss adjustment expense reserves were ceded to Amica Mutual Insurance Company under the Company's 100% quota share reinsurance contract. To simultaneously compensate Amica Mutual Insurance Company for assuming these reserves, the Company paid a one-time ceding commission to Amica Mutual Insurance Company of \$704, the total amount of Amica Texas Insurance Company's net loss and loss adjustment expense reserves ceded to Amica Mutual Insurance Company as a result of the merger.

Additionally, Amica Property and Casualty is a named insured under Amica Mutual's catastrophe reinsurance program. The Company remains contingently liable in the event that reinsurers are unable to meet the obligations for existing paid and unpaid loss recoverables and unearned premiums ceded under reinsurance agreements.

B. The effect of reinsurance on premiums for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

		Written Re	insurance	Written Re	insurance			
		Premiums	Assumed	Premium	s Ceded			
	Direct		From		То	Net	Change in	Net
	Premiums	From	Non-	То	Non-	Premiums	Unearned	Premiums
Year	Written	Affiliates	Affiliates	Affiliates	Affiliates	Written	Premiums	Earned
2016	\$19,753	\$0	\$0	\$19,549	\$204	\$0	\$0	\$0
2015	\$18,926	\$0	\$0	\$18,938	(\$9)	(\$3)	\$0	(\$3)

C. The following table summarizes ceded and assumed unearned premiums and the related commission equity at December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Assı	ımed	Ceded to	Affiliates	Direct
	Premium	Commission	Premium	Commission	Unearned
Year	Reserve	Equity	Reserve	Equity	Prem. Reserve
2016	\$0	\$0	\$10,060	\$2,012	\$10,060
2015	\$0	\$0	\$10,082	\$2,016	\$10,082

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

D. The Company does not have any existing reinsurance contractual arrangements which allow for additional or return commission which is predicated on loss experience or on any other form of profit sharing arrangements.

Note 9 - Information Concerning Parent, Subsidiaries, Affiliates

A. Amica Mutual Insurance Company

Amica Mutual Insurance Company manages its wholly-owned subsidiary, Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company. In 2015, Amica Mutual Insurance Company elected to merge its two wholly-owned property and casualty insurance subsidiaries, Amica Property and Casualty Insurance Company and Amica Texas Insurance Company, formerly Amica Lloyd's of Texas.

Prior to January 1, 2014, Amica Lloyd's of Texas wrote homeowners and related coverages in Texas. Amica Lloyd's of Texas ceased writing new and renewal business on December 31, 2013, at which point all Texas homeowners and related policies were renewed by its ultimate parent, Amica Mutual Insurance Company. Amica Lloyd's of Texas continued operations in 2015 to manage investments and settle outstanding losses and other liabilities. To facilitate the merger, Amica Lloyd's of Texas was converted to a stock company, Amica Texas Insurance Company, on December 22, 2015. On December 31, 2015, the Company merged with Amica Texas Insurance Company, with the Company continuing as the surviving entity of the merger. As a result of the merger, the Company assumed all remaining assets and liabilities of Amica Texas Insurance Company as of December 31, 2015, as well its surplus of \$75,030. For the periods covered in the accompanying notes and statements, Amica Lloyd's of Texas will be referenced as Amica Texas Insurance Company.

Amica Mutual performs certain managerial and other operational functions for the benefit of the Company. Amica Mutual allocates such costs to the Company based on the estimated costs of the services performed. The written agreement between the companies indicates that settlement of these costs be made within fifty-five days of the end of the month to which it applies. The costs charged from Amica Mutual to the Company amounted to \$4,440 and \$4,325 in 2016 and 2015, respectively.

B. Amounts Due to or from Related Parties

The Company reported \$859 and \$886 due to Amica Mutual at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. These balances are for the net amount of management fee and reinsurance contract premiums, which are offset by the net amount of premiums received and underwriting expenses paid by Amica Mutual on behalf of the Company. In addition, the Company reported amounts due to Amica Mutual for Federal Income taxes of \$38 and \$40 at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The management and service contracts require that the intercompany balances be settled within fifty-five days of the month to which it applies.

Note 10 - Contingencies

Lawsuits arise against the Company in the normal course of business. The ultimate resolution of such proceedings will not, in our opinion, have a material impact on the Company's financial position.

Note 11 - Dividend Restrictions

The State of Rhode Island has limitations on the amount of ordinary dividends that may be paid to stockholders in any twelve-month period. These limitations are based on net income and surplus. For 2016, any dividend paid by the Company would be categorized as "extraordinary" for purposes of the Rhode Island statute, and would require the Insurance Commissioner's approval before being paid.

No dividends were paid during 2016. However, on December 31, 2015, the Company paid a dividend to Amica Mutual Insurance Company in the amount of \$23,000. The dividend was deemed an extraordinary dividend because it exceeded more than 10% of the prior year end surplus. Required approval was obtained from the State of Rhode Island on December 30, 2015.

Notes to Statutory Financial Statements (in thousands)

December 31, 2016 and 2015

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been considered through February 8, 2017 for the statutory statement issued on February 8, 2017 and through May 8, 2017 for audited financial statements issued on May 8, 2017. There were no events occurring subsequent to the end of the year that merited recognition or disclosure in these statements.

AMICA PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE December 31, 2016

		Gross Investm	ent Holdings		Admitted Asser		
	Investment Categories	1 Amount	2 Percentage	3 Amount	4 Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Amount	5 Total (Col. 3 + 4) Amount	6 Percentag
1.	Bonds:						
	1.1 U.S. treasury securities	3,068,631	4.334	3,068,631		3,068,631	4.3
	1.2 U.S. government agency obligations (excluding mortgage-backed securities):						
	1.21 Issued by U.S. government agencies	7,757,432	10.955	7,757,432		7,757,432	10.95
	1.22 Issued by U.S. government sponsored agencies		0.000				0.00
	Non-U.S. government (including Canada, excluding mortgaged-backed securities)		0.000				0.00
	Securities issued by states, territories, and possessions and political subdivisions in the U.S.:		0.000				0.01
	1.41 States, territories and possessions general obligations	11,719,922	16.551	11,719,922		11,719,922	16.5
	1.42 Political subdivisions of states, territories and possessions and political subdivisions general obligations.	2, 171,342	3.066	2,171,342		2,171,342	3.06
	1.43 Revenue and assessment obligations	5,465,853	7.719	5,465,853		5,465,853	7.7
	1.44 Industrial development and similar obligations		0.000				0.0
	Mortgage-backed securities (includes residential and commercial MBS):						
	1.51 Pass-through securities:	0.007.044	, 050	0.007.044		0.007.044	
	1.511 Issued or guaranteed by GNMA	2,867,944	4.050 0.034	23,745		2,867,944	0.0
	1.512 Issued or guaranteed by FNMA and FHLMC 1.513 All other	23,745	0.034	23,145		23,145	0.0
	1.52 CMOs and REMICs:			***************************************			
	1.521 Issued or guaranteed by GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC or VA	7,051,966	9.959	7,051,966		7,051,966	9.9
	1.522 Issued by non-U.S. Government issuers and collateralized by mortgage-backed securities issued or guaranteed by	F 400 040	7.044	5 400 040		5 400 040	7.0
	agencies shown in Line 1.521	5,106,043 5,075,593	7.211 7.168	5,106,043		5,106,043	7.2 7.1
2.	1.523 All other	5,075,393		5,075,593		5,075,593	
۷.	Unaffiliated domestic securities (includes credit tenant loans and hybrid)						
	securities)	13,677,160	19.315	13,677,160		13,677,160	19.3
	2.2 Unaffiliated non-U.S. securities (including Canada)	14,766	0.021	14,766		14,766	0.0
	2.3 Affiliated securities		0.000				0.0
3.	Equity interests:						
	3.1 Investments in mutual funds		0.000	***************************************			0.0
	3.2 Preferred stocks: 3.21 Affiliated		0.000				0.0
	3.22 Unaffiliated		0.000				0.0
	3.3 Publicly traded equity securities (excluding preferred stocks):	•		***************************************	***************************************		
	3.31 Affiliated		0.000				0.0
	3.32 Unaffiliated		0.000				0.0
	3.4 Other equity securities:						
	3.41 Affiliated		0.000				0.0
	3.42 Unaffiliated	•	0.000				0.0
	3.5 Other equity interests including tangible personal property under lease:		0.000				
	3.51 Affiliated		0.000				0.0
4.	3.52 Unaffiliated		0.000	••••••••••			
٦.	Mortgage loans: 4.1 Construction and land development		0.000				0.0
	4.2 Agricultural		0.000				0.0
	4.3 Single family residential properties		0.000				0.0
	4.4 Multifamily residential properties		0.000				0.0
	4.5 Commercial loans		0.000				0.0
	4.6 Mezzanine real estate loans		0.000				0.0
5.	Real estate investments:						
	5.1 Property occupied by company	***************************************	0.000				0.0
	\$ of property acquired in satisfaction of		0.000				0.0
	debt)						٠
	property acquired in satisfaction of debt)		0.000				0.0
6.	Contract loans		0.000				0.0
7.	Derivatives		0.000				0.1
8.	Receivables for securities		0.000				0.1
9.	Securities Lending (Line 10, Asset Page reinvested collateral)		0.000		XXX	xxx	xxx.
0.	Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	6,809,340	9.616	6,809,340		6,809,340	9.6
11.	Other invested assets		0.000				0.0
12.	Total invested assets	70,809,737	100.000	70,809,737		70,809,737	100.0

Of The	AMICA PROPERTY AND CASUALTY II	NSURANCE COMPANY								
ADDRE	SS (City, State and Zip Code)	Lincoln , RI 02865-1156								
NAIC G	roup Code 0028	NAIC Company Co	de 12287		Federal Employer's Id	lentific	cation Number (FEIN)	26-0115568 _		
The Inv	estment Risks Interrogatories are	to be filed by April 1. The	y are also to be include	od with	the Audited Statuton	Einan	cial Statements			
THE IIIV	estillerit (Kisks iliterrogatories are	to be filed by April 1. The	y are also to be include	a willi	the Addited Statutory	man	ciai Statements.			
Answer investr	the following interrogatories by renents.	eporting the applicable U.S	. dollar amounts and p	ercenta	ges of the reporting e	ntity's	total admitted assets he	eld in that cat	tegory of	
1.	Reporting entity's total admitted	d assets as reported on Pa	ge 2 of this annual stat	ement.				S	81,954	,971
2.	Ten largest exposures to a sing	gle issuer/borrower/investn	ent.							
	1		2				3		4	
	Issuer		Description of Exp	osure		_	Amount		age of Total ted Assets	
2.01	State of Oregon					\$	3,063,944		3.7	%
2.02	State of Texas					\$	2,448,397		3.0	%
2.03	State of Tennessee					\$	2, 144, 617		2.6	%
2.04	Louisiana Housing Corp					\$	1,977,427		2.4	%
2.05	Florida Housing Finance Corp.					\$	1,927,731		2.4	%
2.06	South Dakota Housing Developm Authority					\$	1,804,977		2.2	%
2.07	Credit Suisse Mortgage Trust .					\$	1,711,198		2.1	%
2.08	Kentucky Housing Corp					\$	1,651,875		2.0	%
2.09	FRENF Mortgage Trust					\$	1,621,964		2.0	%
2.10	State of Washington					\$	1,544,352	***************************************	1.9	%
3.	Amounts and percentages of the	ne reporting entity's total ac	lmitted assets held in b	onds a	nd preferred stocks by	/ NAIC	designation.			
	Bonds	1	2		Preferred Stock	s	3	46 20	4	
3.01	NAIC-1 S _		74.1 %	3.07			\$			_%
3.02	NAIC-2 S	9,708,227	11.8 %	3.08	P/RP-2		\$			- %
	NAIC-3 S		%				_ \$			- %
3.04	NAIC-4 S		%	3.10	P/RP-4		\$. %
3.05	NAIC-5 S		%	3.11	P/RP-5		\$. %
3.06	NAIC-6 S		%	3.12	P/RP-6		\$. %
4.	Assets held in foreign investme	ents:								
4.01	Are assets held in foreign inves	stments less than 2.5% of t	he reporting entity's tot	al admi	tted assets?			ves [X] No []
	If response to 4.01 above is yes	s, responses are not requir	ed for interrogatories 5	- 10.						
4.02	Total admitted assets held in fo	reign investments				\$				%
4.03	Foreign-currency-denominated	investments				\$				%
4.04	Insurance liabilities denominate	ed in that same foreign cur	ency			\$				%

٥.	Aggregate foreign investment exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation.		
		1	2
5.01	Countries designated NAIC-1	\$	
5.02	Countries designated NAIC-2	\$	
5.03	Countries designated NAIC-3 or below	\$	
6.	Largest foreign investment exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation:		
	Countries designated NAIC - 1:	1	2
6.01	Country 1:	\$	
6.02	Country 2:	\$	***************************************
	Countries designated NAIC - 2:		
6.03	Country 1:	\$	
6.04	Country 2:	\$	
	Countries designated NAIC - 3 or below:		
6.05	Country 1:		
6.06	Country 2:	\$	
		1	2
7.	Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure	\$	
8.	Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation:		
		1	2
8.01	Countries designated NAIC-1	\$	
8.02	Countries designated NAIC-2		
8.03	Countries designated NAIC-3 or below	\$	
9.	Largest unhedged foreign currency exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign design	ation:	
		1	2
	Countries designated NAIC - 1:		
9.01	Country 1:	\$	
9.02		\$	
	Countries designated NAIC - 2:		
9.03	Country 1:		
9.04	Country 2:	\$	
	Countries designated NAIC - 3 or below:	22	
9.05	Country 1:		
9.06	Country 2:	\$	
10.	Ten largest non-sovereign (i.e. non-governmental) foreign issues:		
	1 2	3	4
	1 2 Issuer NAIC Designation	3	4
10.01		\$	
10.02		\$	
10.03		\$	
10.04		\$	
10.05		\$	
10.06		\$	
10.07		\$	
10.08		\$	
10.08 10.09		\$ \$	

11.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in Canadian investments and unher	dged Canadian currency ex	cposure:
11.01	Are assets held in Canadian investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?		Yes [X] No [
	If response to 11.01 is yes, detail is not required for the remainder of interrogatory 11.		
		1	2
	Total admitted assets held in Canadian investments		
11.03	Canadian-currency-denominated investments		
11.04	Canadian-denominated insurance liabilities		
11.05	Unhedged Canadian currency exposure		
12.	Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments we	ith contractual sales restrict	ions:
12.01	Are assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total add	mitted assets?	Yes [X] No []
	If response to 12.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 12.		
	<u> </u>	2	3
12.02	Aggregate statement value of investments with contractual sales restrictions\$ Largest three investments with contractual sales restrictions:		
12.03			
12.04			
12.05			
13.	Amounts and percentages of admitted assets held in the ten largest equity interests:		
13.01	Are assets held in equity interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?		Yes [X] No [
	If response to 13.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 13.		
	1	2	3
	Issuer		
13.02			
13.03			
13.04			
13.05			
13.06			
13.07		i	
13.08		·	
13.09			(
13.10			
13.11		V	14

14.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed experiences and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed experiences are also assets and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed experiences are also assets and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed experiences are also assets and admitted assets are also asset as a second and admitted assets are also asset as a second as a second asset as a second as a secon	equities:	
14.01	Are assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted	assets?	Yes [X] No []
	If response to 14.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 14.		
	1	2	3
14.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities	\$	%
14.03		\$	%
14.04		\$	%
14.05		\$	%
15.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in general partnership interests:		
15.01	$\label{eq:continuous} Are assets held in general partnership interests less than 2.5\% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets? .$		Yes [X] No []
	If response to 15.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 15.	2	3
15.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in general partnership interests	\$	%
15.03		\$	%
15.04		\$	%
15.05		\$	%
16.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in mortgage loans:		
16.01	Are mortgage loans reported in Schedule B less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?		Yes [X] No []
	If response to 16.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 16 and Interrog	gatory 17.	
	1	2	3
	Type (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural)		
16.02		\$	%
16.03		\$	%
16.04		\$	%
16.05			%
16.06			%
16.07		- Ø	%
16.08		A.	%
16.09			
16.10		\$	%
16.11		\$	%

													Loans		
16.12	Construction loans									·					
16.13	Mortgage loans over 90	days pas	t due							·					
16.14	Mortgage loans in the p	rocess of	foreclosure							·					
16.15	Mortgage loans foreclos	sed								S					
16.16	Restructured mortgage	loans								š					
17.	Aggregate mortgage loa	ans havinç	g the following is	oan-to-value rat	tios	as dete	ermined fr	om the most co	ırrent appral	sal as	of the ani	nual state	ement date:		
			Residential					Commercial					Agricultu	al	
Loa	n to Value	1		2			3		4			5		6	
	above 95% S					\$				%	s				
17.02	91 to 95% S		alesta landersone	%		\$				%	s				
	81 to 90% S					\$				%	s				
	71 to 80% S					\$				%	s				
	below 70% S					\$				%	S				
18.	Amounts and percentag	ges of the	reporting entity'	s total admitted	l ass	sets he	eld in each	of the five larg	est investme	ents in	real estat	te:			
18.01	Are assets held in real												Үе	s[]	No [
18.01	Are assets held in real of the freeponse to 18.01 about Largest five investment	ove is yes	, responses are ne parcel or gro	not required fo	r the	e rema	inder of In	terrogatory 18.			2			s []	300 ž
	If response to 18.01 abo	ove is yes s in any o	, responses are	not required fo up of contiguou Description	r the	e rema arcels (inder of In	terrogatory 18. ate.		-	2		_		330 ž
18.02	If response to 18.01 about Largest five investment	ove is yes s in any o	, responses are	not required fo up of contiguou Description 1	r the	e rema arcels (inder of In	terrogatory 18.		;	2			3	
18.02 18.03	If response to 18.01 about Largest five investment	ove is yes	, responses are	not required fo up of contiguou Description	r the	e rema arcels (inder of In	terrogatory 18.			2			3	
18.02 18.03 18.04	If response to 18.01 about Largest five investment	ove is yes	responses are	not required fo up of contiguou Description	r the	e rema arcels (of real esta	terrogatory 18.			2			3	
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05	If response to 18.01 about Largest five investment	ove is yes	responses are	not required fo up of contiguou Description	r the	e rema arcels (of real esta	terrogatory 18.		5 5 5	2		-	3	
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05 18.06	If response to 18.01 abs	ove is yes	, responses are	not required fo up of contiguou Description	r the	e rema arcels (ninder of In	terrogatory 18.		5 5 5 5	2			3	
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05 18.06	If response to 18.01 abi	ove is yes s in any or	responses are parcel or gro	not required fo up of contiguou Description 1	r the	e rema arcels o	of real esta	terrogatory 18.	vestments h	6 6 6 6	2 	e real es	tate loans:	3	
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05 18.06	If response to 18.01 abit Largest five investment	ove is yes s in any or	responses are ne parcel or gro	not required fo up of contiguou Description 1 ne reporting ent	r the	e rema arcels of s total a less the	admitted an 2.5% of	terrogatory 18. ate. ssets held in in f the reporting tory 19.	vestments h	6 6 6 6	2 mezzanin ed assets	e real es	tate loans:	3 .s []	No [
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05 18.06 19.	If response to 18.01 abit Largest five investment Report aggregate amount Are assets held in investigations. If response to 19.01 is year.	ove is yes s in any or units and p	ercentages of the	not required fo up of contiguou Description 1 ne reporting ent e real estate loa	r the us pa tity's ans	e rema arcels of s total a less the	admitted an an 2.5% of Interroga	terrogatory 18. ate. ssets held in in f the reporting tory 19.	vestments h	S S S S	2 mezzanin ed assets	e real es	tate loans:	3 s[]	No [
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05 18.06 19.	If response to 18.01 abit Largest five investment Report aggregate amount Are assets held in investigations.	ove is yes s in any or unts and p stments he	ercentages of the	not required for up of contiguou Description 1	r the us pa tity's ans	e rema arcels of s total a less the	admitted an an 2.5% of Interroga	terrogatory 18. ate. ssets held in in f the reporting tory 19.	vestments h	S S S S	2 mezzanin ed assets	e real es	tate loans:	3 s[]	No [
18.02 18.03 18.04 18.05 18.06 19.	If response to 18.01 about Largest five investment Report aggregate amout Are assets held in investing the second of the second	ove is yes s in any or unts and p stments he yes, respo	ercentages of the last are not recessions.	not required for up of contiguou Description 1 The reporting ent are reporting ent to real estate load quired for the reporting ent to mezzanine real estate loans:	r the	e rema	admitted a an 2.5% of Interroga	terrogatory 18. ate. ssets held in in f the reporting tory 19.	vestments h	ss	2 mezzanin ed assets	e real es	tate loans:	3 s[]	No [

Schedule 2

20. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets subject to the following types of agreements:

23.04 Other

			At Ye	ar End			At I	End of Each Quarter	
			4	2		1st Quarter 3		2nd Quarter 4	3rd Quarte 5
0.01		, j		-	-		·		
	assets held as collateral for such transactions)			%	S		\$	S	·
0.02	Repurchase agreements			%	S		\$	S	·
0.03				%	S		\$	S	i
0.04	Dollar repurchase agreements			%	S		\$	S	·
0.05	Dollar reverse repurchase agreements	\$		%	S		\$	s	
21.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity	's total a	dmitted assets fo	or warrants not attached to	other fi	nancial instrume	ents, o	ptions, caps, and flo	ors:
			1	Owned 2			3	Written	4
.01	Hedging	<u>, —</u>		_		s	30.50		
.02	Income generation	¢			76				
					76	S			
					% ollars, sw				
	OtherAmounts and percentages of the reporting entity		dmitted assets of		% ollars, sw	aps, and forwar	ds:	End of Each Quarter	
			dmitted assets of	f potential exposure for co	% bilars, sw	aps, and forwar	ds:		100000 0000000000
22.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity	's total a	dmitted assets of At Yea	f potential exposure for co ar End	wilars, sw	aps, and forwar	ds:	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4	5
22.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging	s total ad	dmitted assets of At Yea	f potential exposure for co	_	aps, and forwar	ds:	End of Each Quarter	5
22. 2.01 2.02	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging Income generation	s total ad	dmitted assets of	f potential exposure for co ar End	s	aps, and forwar 1st Quarter 3	ds:	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4	5
22. 2.01 2.02 2.03	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging Income generation Replications	\$ \$	dmitted assets of At Yea	f potential exposure for co ar End 2 %	s	aps, and forwar 1st Quarter 3	ds:	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22. 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging Income generation	\$ \$	dmitted assets of	f potential exposure for co ar End 2 %	s	aps, and forwar 1st Quarter 3	ds:	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4	5
22. 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging Income generation Replications	\$ \$ \$ \$	At Ye	f potential exposure for co ar End	s s s	aps, and forwar	ds:	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4	5
22. 2.01 2.02 2.03	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging Income generation Replications Other	\$ \$ \$ \$	At Ye	f potential exposure for co ar End	s s s	aps, and forwar 1st Quarter 3	ds: At I	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4 S S S S	5
22. 2.01 2.02 2.03 2.04	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity Hedging Income generation Replications Other	\$ \$ \$ \$	At Ye	f potential exposure for co ar End 2 % % % % % for potential exposure for fu	s s s	aps, and forwar	ds: At I	End of Each Quarter 2nd Quarter 4 S S S	5

AMICA PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY GENERAL INTERROGATORIES December 31, 2016

7.1	Has this reporting entity reinsured any risk with any other entity under a quota share reinsurance contract that includes a provision that would limit the reinsurer's losses below the stated quota share percentage (e.g., a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss ratio cap, an aggregate limit or any similar provisions)?	Yes [1	No [[X]
7.2	If yes, indicate the number of reinsurance contracts containing such provisions:				
7.3	If yes, does the amount of reinsurance credit taken reflect the reduction in quota share coverage caused by any applicable limiting provision(s)?	Yos []	No [[]
8.1	Has this reporting entity reinsured any risk with any other entity and agreed to release such entity from liability. in whole or in part, from any loss that may occur on this risk, or portion thereof, reinsured?	Yes []	No	[X]
8.2	If yes, give full information				
9.1	Has the reporting entity ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or under multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) for which during the period covered by the statement: (i) it recorded a positive or negative underwriting result greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders or it reported calendar year written premium ceded or year-end loss and loss expense reserves ceded greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders; (ii) it accounted for that contract as reinsurance and not as a deposit; and (iii) the contract(s) contain one or more of the following features or other features that would have similar results: (a) A contract term longer than two years and the contract is noncancellable by the reporting entity during the contract term; (b) A limited or conditional cancellation provision under which cancellation triggers an obligation by the reporting entity, or an affiliate of the				
	reporting entity, to enter into a new reinsurance contract with the reinsurer, or an affiliate of the reinsurer; (c) Aggregate stop loss reinsurance coverage; (d) A unilateral right by either party (or both parties) to commute the reinsurance contract, whether conditional or not, except for such provisions which are only triggered by a decline in the credit status of the other party; (e) A provision permitting reporting of losses, or payment of losses, less frequently than on a quarterly basis (unless there is no activity during the period); or				
	(f) Payment schedule, accumulating retentions from multiple years or any features inherently designed to delay timing of the reimbursement to the ceding entity.	Yes []	No [[X]
9.2	Has the reporting entity during the period covered by the statement ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or under multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates), for which, during the period covered by the statement, it recorded a positive or negative underwriting result greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders or it reported calendar year written premium ceded or year-end loss and loss expense reserves ceded greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders; excluding cessions to approved pooling arrangements or to captive insurance companies that are directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with (i) one or more unaffiliated policyholders of the reporting entity, or (ii) an association of which one or more unaffiliated policyholders of the reporting entity is a member where: (a) The written premium ceded to the reinsurer by the reporting entity or its affiliates represents fifty percent (50%) or more of the entire direct and assumed premium written by the reinsurer based on its most recently available financial statement; or (b) Twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the written premium ceded to the reinsurer has been retroceded back to the reporting entity or its affiliates in a separate reinsurance contract.	Yes [1	No	[X]
9.3	If yes to 9.1 or 9.2, please provide the following information in the Reinsurance Summary Supplemental Filing for General Interrogatory 9: (a) The aggregate financial statement impact gross of all such ceded reinsurance contracts on the balance sheet and statement of income; (b) A summary of the reinsurance contract terms and indicate whether it applies to the contracts meeting the criteria in 9.1 or 9.2; and (c) A brief discussion of management's principle objectives in entering into the reinsurance contract including the economic purpose to be achieved.				
9.4	Except for transactions meeting the requirements of paragraph 32 of SSAP No. 62R, Property and Casualty Reinsurance, has the reporting entity ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) during the period covered by the financial statement, and either: (a) Accounted for that contract as reinsurance (either prospective or retroactive) under statutory accounting principles ("SAP") and as a deposit under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"); or (b) Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under GAAP and as a deposit under SAP?	Yes [1	No [[X]
9.5	If yes to 9.4, explain in the Reinsurance Summary Supplemental Filing for General Interrogatory 9 (Section D) why the contract(s) is treated differently for GAAP and SAP.				
9.6	The reporting entity is exempt from the Reinsurance Attestation Supplement under one or more of the following criteria: (a) The entity does not utilize reinsurance; or, (b) The entity only engages in a 100% quota share contract with an affiliate and the affiliated or lead company has filed an attestation		- 5: :		
	supplement; or				
	attestation supplement.	Yes [1	NO I	(A]